



# The Times Secondary School

Dillibazar, Kathmandu

First Terminal Examination – 2075

Grade: - XI

Set – A

Full Marks:-100

Stream: Management (Morning Shift)

Pass Marks:-40

Subject: - Accountancy

Time : 3hrs

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the margin indicate the full marks.

## Attempt all the Questions.

1. Give the meaning of Bookkeeping and write any two objectives of it. 3
2. Write any four advantages of accounting. 2
3. Write down any two differences between book keeping and accounting 3
4. Explain the contra entries in cash book with suitable examples 2
5. Why do you think we should prepare a bank reconciliation statement? Give any two reasons to prepare bank reconciliation statement 3
6. Explain the Accounting process cycle with Diagram 3
7. Give the meaning of Business entity concept with example. 3
8. Write any three advantages of double entry book keeping system. 3
9. Consider the following transaction
  - a. Starting a business with cash Rs. 2, 80,000 and furniture Rs. 50,000
  - b. Purchase of machinery worth Rs. 2,50,000
  - c. Purchase of goods for Rs. 4,000 and on credit Rs.6000
  - d. Sold goods on credit for Rs. 22,000 (at profit of Rs. 4,000)
  - e. Cash deposited in to bank Rs 50,000.
  - f. Paid for rent Rs 6,000 including Rs 1,000 in advance.
  - g. Paid to creditors Rs. 5,900 in full settlement of Rs. 6,000.
  - h. Commission received Rs. 2,000.

Required: Accounting equation 8
10. Following are the transactions for the month of March 31<sup>st</sup>, 2016.
  - Mar. 1. Started business with cash Rs. 4,00,000, Machinery Rs. 1,00,000 and Bank balance Rs.70,000.
  4. Purchased goods for Rs.9, 000 on cash from Sabin & Co. and received discount of Rs.1, 000.
  5. Mohan a debtor of Rs.1, 000 became insolvent, and received only Rs.4, 00 from his estate.

6. Withdrew cash from Bank Rs. 5,000 for domestic use.
7. Cash received from Nikita Rs. 5500 and discount allowed to her Rs. 500.
8. Sold goods of worth Rs. 25,000 to Sohan on credit.
25. Paid Rs. 5,000 for salary.
30. Received Rs. 24,500 from Sohan in full settlement against Rs. 25,000 on his Account.

Required: Journal entries for above transactions. 8

11. On Baishakh 1, 2074 NTC Company started business and its transaction during the month of Baishakh were as below:
 

Baishak 1	Sold goods to Mona Traders for Rs.30, 000.	
Baishak 3	Received cash from Mona Traders Rs.26, 400.	
Baishak 5	Allowed discount of Rs.600 to Mona Traders.	
Baishak 7	Goods returned from Mona Traders Rs.3, 000.	
Required: Mona Traders Account		4
12. Following sales transactions are given to you:
  - a) Sold following items to Mohan stores, Jhapa:
    - 350 Accountancy books @ Rs.300 each. ( 10% trade discount)
    - 350 English books @ Rs.150 each.
  - b) Sold the following items to Nabin Bros.
    - 20 Dozens fountain pen @ Rs.16 each
    - 100 Packet ball pens @ Rs.100 per packet (5% trade discount on both)
  - b) Sold an old computer of Rs.35,000 to Sundar & Co.on credit
  - c) Sold following items for cash
    - 50 Economic books @100 each
    - 20 Nepali Books @ 300 each

Required: a) Sales book    b) Sales account 3+2=5
13. Following cash and banking transactions are given:
 

Falgun 1,2071: Balance of cash in hand Rs. 80,000, and Overdraft at bank Rs. 100,000

Falgun 2:	Purchase goods from Ram on credit Rs. 10,000
Falgun 8:	Machinery purchased for cash Rs. 5,000
Falgun 9:	Goods sold to Roshan for Rs. 10,000 and received partial payment Rs. 8000 only
Falgun 10:	Good purchased from Hari for Rs. 8000
Falgun 11:	Deposited in bank Rs. 10,000
Falgun 12:	Withdrawn cash from bank Rs. 5,000 for office use
Falgun 15:	Paid to Hari Rs. 7900 and received a discount Rs. 100.
Falgun 18:	Paid for Wages Rs. 2000 and Salary Rs. 3000 by cheque

Falgun 25: Cash withdrew from bank for domestic use Rs. 2,000  
Required: Triple column Cashbook. 10

14. Prepare purchase return book and purchase return account from the following information:

Magh 1 Return to Muresh  
3 C.D. players @ Rs. 5,000 each  
2 F.M. radio of Rs. 600  
Magh 5 Return to Katmandu Trade House  
4 mobile sets @ Rs. 12,000 each (trade discount 10%)  
Magh 10 Return to Narayan Store  
4 telephones sets @ Rs. 500 each  
3 televisions set @ Rs. 10,000 each. 3+2=5

15. The following information is given:

- Debit balance as per pass book Rs. 20,000.
  - Cheque issued but not presented for payment of Rs. 2,400.
  - Telephone charges paid by bank Rs. 600 directly.
  - Amount directly deposited by a Customer into bank Rs. 5,000.
  - Out of two cheques of Rs. 1,200 and Rs. 1,500 deposited into bank, only the first was credited in the pass book.
- Required:** Bank reconciliation statement. 8

16. Traders Book shows bank column balance as on April 31, Rs. 3,500  
Cheque drawn but not yet presented for payment Rs. 2,000  
Payment made by the bank as per standing instruction for rent Rs. 2500. Cheque paid into the bank but not yet cleared and credited Rs. 5,000 Interest on investment collected and credited by the bank but not shown in cash book Rs. 500

**Required:**  
Bank reconciliation statement showing balance as per pass book. 8

17. Prepare a cash book with Bank and Cash column from the following information: 10

Baisakh 1. Opening Bank balance Rs. 50,000 and cash balance Rs. 35,000  
Baishakh 5. Purchase goods for Rs. 25,000 and paid Rs. 15,000 as partial payment.  
Baishakh 10. Rent Paid Rs. 5,000 by cheque.  
Baishakh 12. Commission received Rs. 12,000 by cheque.  
Baishakh 16. Cash withdrew from bank Rs. 10,000 for official use.  
Baishakh 17. Goods costing Rs. 12,000 sold for Rs. 10,000.

Baishakh 25. Dividend paid Rs. 5,000.  
Baishakh 26. Cash received from Tenging Rs. 10,000 for the full settlement of Rs. 12,000  
Baishakh 28. Cash deposited into bank Rs. 4,000  
Baishakh 30. Cash sales Rs. 12,000 and credit sales Rs. 10,000

18. Journalize the following Transaction 6  
a) Started a business with cash Rs. 3,00,000 and Furniture Rs. 75,000  
b) Issue a cheque of Rs. 12,000 to pay an electricity bill  
c) Received dividend Rs. 8,000  
d) Purchase goods worth Rs. 10,000 and paid Rs. 9,000 for full settlement.  
e) Goods costing Rs. 12,000 sold for Rs. 10,000.  
f) Cash deposited into bank Rs. 5,000

19. The following transactions are given to you  
1) Dawa Tshiring Sherpa Started a business with cash Rs. 5,00,000.  
2) Purchase of goods for Rs. 4,000 on cash and on credit Rs. 6000.  
3) Sold goods on credit for Rs. 20,000 (at loss of Rs. 4,000)  
4) Cash deposited in to bank Rs 30,000.  
5) Paid for salary Rs 5000 including Rs. 2000 as advance.  
**Required :** Prepare an accounting equation 6

The End



# The Times Secondary School

Dillibazar, Kathmandu

First Terminal Examination – 2075

Grade: - XI

Set – B

Full Marks:-100

Stream: Management (Morning Shift)

Pass Marks:-40

Subject: - Accountancy

Time : 3hrs

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the margin indicate the full marks.

## Attempt all the Questions.

Attempt all questions:

1. Write the meaning of accounting with its objectives. 2
2. Write any four advantages of book keeping. 2
3. Write down any two differences between book keeping and accounting 2
4. Explain the contra entries in cash book with suitable examples. 2
5. Why do you think we should prepare a bank reconciliation statement? 2  
Give any two reasons to prepare bank reconciliation statement 3
6. Explain the business Going concern concept with example. 3
7. Give the meaning of personal account and nominal account? 3
8. Write any three advantages of double entry book keeping system. 3
9. Consider the following transaction
  - a. Starting a business with cash Rs.80,000 and machinery Rs. 40,000
  - b. Purchase of furniture worth Rs. 60,000
  - c. Purchase of goods for cash Rs. 5,000 and on credit Rs.8,000
  - d. Sold goods on credit for Rs. 4,000 (at profit of Rs. 1000)
  - e. Cash deposited in to bank Rs 2,000.
  - f. Paid for rent Rs 5,000 including Rs 1,000 advance.
  - g. Paid to creditors Rs. 990 in full settlement of Rs. 1000.
  - h. Commission paid Rs. 6,000.

**Required: Accounting equation 8**

10. Following are the transactions for the month of March 31<sup>st</sup>, 2016.
  - Jan. 1. Started business with cash Rs. 3,20,000, Furniture Rs. 2,30,000 and Bank balance Rs.60,000.
  4. Purchased goods for Rs.8, 000 on cash from Sabin & Co. and received discount of Rs.1, 000.
  5. Harendra a debtor of Rs.3, 000 became insolvent, and received only Rs.6,00 from his estate.
  6. Withdrew cash from Bank Rs. 3,000 for domestic use.
  7. Cash received from Nikita Rs. 6500 and discount allowed to her Rs. 500.
  8. Sold goods of worth Rs. 35,000 to Mohan on cash.

9. Paid Rs. 3,000 for salary
10. Received Rs. 24,500 from HariHar in full settlement against Rs. 25,000 on his Account.

**Required: Journal entries for above transactions. 8**

11. On Baishakh 1, 2072 NTC Company started business and its transaction during the month of Baishakh were as below:
 

Baishak 1	Sold goods to Mona Traders for Rs.40, 000.
Baishak 3	Received cash from Mona Traders Rs.25, 400.
Baishak 5	Allowed discount of Rs.600 to Mona Traders.
Baishak 7	Goods returned from Mona Traders Rs.3, 000.

**Required: Mona Traders Account 4**

12. Following sales transactions are given to you:
  - a) Sold following items to Rohan stores, Jhapa:
    - 550 Accountancy books @ Rs.400 each. (10% trade discount)
    - 250 English books @ Rs.100 each.
  - b) Sold the following items to Sabin Bros.
    - 20 Dozens fountain pen @ Rs.16 each
    - 100 Packet ball pens @ Rs.100 per packet (5% trade discount on both)
  - c) Sold an old computer of Rs.35,000 to Neelam & Co.on credit
  - c) Sold following items for cash
    - 40 Economic books @100 each
    - 30 Nepali Books

**Required: a) Sales book b) Sales account 3+2=5**

13. Following cash and banking transactions are given:  
Chaitra 1,2071: Balance of cash in hand Rs. 70,000, and Overdraft at bank Rs. 80,000

- |             |  |
|-------------|--|
| Chaitra 2:  | Purchase goods from Ram on credit Rs. 15,000                                 |
| Chaitra 8:  | Machinery purchased for cash Rs. 10,000                                      |
| Chaitra 9:  | Goods sold to Roshan for Rs. 115,000 and received partial payment Rs. 10,000 |
| Chaitra 10: | Good Purchase from Hari for Rs. 10,000                                       |
| Chaitra 11: | Paid into bank Rs. 25,000  |
| Chaitra 12: | Withdrawn cash from bank Rs. 5,000 for office use                            |
| Chaitra 15: | Paid to Hari Rs. 7900 and received a discount Rs. 100.                       |
| Chaitra 18: | Paid for Rent Rs. 2000 and Salary Rs. 4000 by cheque                         |
| Chaitra 25: | Cash withdrew from bank for private use Rs. 3,000                            |

**Required: Triple column Cashbook. 10**

14. Prepare purchase return book and purchase return account from the following information:

- Magh 1 Return to Manohar  
6 C.D. players @ Rs. 6,000 each  
2 F.M. radio of Rs. 700
- Magh 5 Return to Katmandu Trade House  
6 mobile sets @ Rs.13, 000 each (trade discount 10%)
- Magh 10 Return to Narayan Store  
5 telephones sets @ Rs. 500 each  
6 television sets @ Rs. 10,000 each. 3+2=5

15. The following information is given:

- Debit balance as per cash book Rs. 20,000.
- Cheque issued but not presented for payment of Rs. 2,800.
- Insurance premium paid by bank Rs. 3,000 directly.
- Amount directly deposited by a Debtor into bank Rs. 5,000.
- Out of two cheques of Rs. 1,500 and Rs. 1,900 deposited into bank, only the first was credited in the pass book.

**Required:** Bank reconciliation statement. 8

16. Traders Book shows bank column balance as on April 31, Rs. 4,800

- Cheque drawn but not yet presented for payment Rs. 5,000  
Payment made by the bank as per standing instruction for rent Rs. 500  
Cheque paid into the bank but not yet cleared and credited Rs. 6,000  
Interest on investment collected and credited by the bank but not shown in cash book Rs. 600

**Required:**  
Bank reconciliation statement showing balance as per pass book. 8

17. Prepare a cash book with Bank and Cash column from the following information: 10

- Chaitra 1. Opening Bank balance Rs. 70,000 and cash balance Rs. 65,000
- Chaitra 5. Purchase goods for Rs. 45,000 and paid Rs. 25,000 as partial payment.
- Chaitra 10. Rent Paid Rs. 10,000 by cheque.
- Chaitra 12. Commission received Rs. 14,000 by cheque.
- Chaitra 16. Cash withdrew from bank Rs. 15,000 for official use.
- Chaitra 17. Goods costing Rs. 14,000 sold for Rs. 16,000.
- Chaitra 25. Dividend paid Rs. 15,000.
- Chaitra 26. Cash received from Tshiring Rs. 11,000 for the full settlement of Rs. 12,000
- Chaitra 28. Cash deposited into bank Rs. 5,000

Chaitra 30. Cash sales Rs. 15,000 and credit sales Rs. 15,000

18. Journalize the following Transaction 6

- Started a business with cash Rs. 4,00,000 and Furniture Rs. 275,000
- Issue a cheque of Rs. 15,000 to pay an electricity bill
- Received dividend Rs. 8,000
- Purchase goods worth Rs. 12,000 and paid Rs. 11,000 for full settlement.
- Goods costing Rs. 12,000 sold for Rs. 11,000.
- Cash deposited into bank Rs. 6,000

19. The following transactions are given to you.

- Tashi Sherpa Started a business with cash Rs. 9,00,000.
- Purchase of goods for Rs. 8,000 on cash and on credit Rs. 7,000.
- Sold goods on credit for Rs. 24,000 (at loss of Rs. 4,000)
- Cash deposited in to bank Rs. 45,000.
- Paid for salary Rs. 8,000 including Rs. 3,000 as advance.

**Required:** Prepare an accounting equation 6

The End



# The Times Secondary School

Dillibazar, Kathmandu

First Terminal Examination – 2075

Grade: - XI

Set – A

Full Marks:-100

Stream: Management (Morning Shift)

Pass Marks:-40

Subject: - Economics

Time : 3 hrs

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the margin indicate the full marks.

## Group A

- Critically explain Robbins definition of economics. (10)
- Distinguish between positive and normative economics. (10)
- Answer any **FOUR** questions. (4×5 =20)
  - Explain the main features of welfare definition of economics.
  - Define micro and macroeconomics.
  - Explain the criticism of Adam smith’s definition.
  - Why Marshall’s definition is superior than Adam smith’s definition of economics?
  - What are the difference between Adam smith and Marshalls?
- Answer **ALL** questions. (2×5 =10)
  - What is economics?
  - Write the name of book written by Alfred Marshall?
  - Write the criticism of Marshall’s definition.
  - What is consumption?
  - Define scarcity and choice.

## Group B

- Answer **ALL** the questions. (3×10 = 30)
  - Prove that A.M. > G.M.>H.M.  
Marks(x):- 35, 36, 37, 75, 65, 85, 90
  - The mean of the following distribution is 57.6 and the sum of all the frequencies is 50. Find the values of p and q.

Classes	0-20	20-40	40-60	60-80	80-100	100-120
Frequencies	7	p	12	q	8	5

- The expenditure of 1000 families is given as below:

Expenditure (Rs.)	40-59	60-79	80-99	100-119	120-139
No. of families	50	?	500	?	50

The median for the distribution is Rs.87. Calculate the missing frequencies.

- Answer **ALL** the question. (4×5 = 20)

- The marks obtain by a set of students in an examination are given below.

Marks	5	10	15	20	25	30
No of students	6	4	6	12	x	4

Given that the mean mark of the set is 18, calculate the numerical value of x.

- Calculate the mean marks

Marks	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50
No of candidate	8	14	13	10	5

- Calculate the median annual income of a group of employees from the data given below:

Annual income	No. of employee
Under 2000	15
2000-2999	32
3000-3900	65
4000-4999	79
5000-5999	90
6000-6999	57
7000-7999	36
8000-8999	14

- The marks obtained by a set of students in an examination are given below:

Marks(x)	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
No of students	20	17	f	10	8	6	7	6

Given that mean marks of the set is 7.5, calculate the numerical value of f.

**The End**



# The Times Secondary School

Dillibazar, Kathmandu

First Terminal Examination – 2075

Grade: - XI

Set – B

Full Marks:-100

Stream: Management (Morning Shift)

Pass Marks:-40

Subject: - Economics

Time : 3 hrs

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the margin indicate the full marks.

## Group A

- Critically explain the welfare definition of economics. (10)
- Explain the subject matter of economics. (10)
- Answer any **FOUR** questions. (4×5 = 20)
  - Explain the characteristics of wealth definition of economics.
  - Why Robbin's definition is superior than that of Marshall definition?
  - What is positive and normative economics?
  - Economics is a science or an art or both. Prove this statement with suitable answer.
  - Why Marshall's definition is superior than Adam smith's of economics definition?
- Answer **ALL** questions. (2×5= 10)
  - What is economics?
  - What is the name of book written by Lionel Robbins?
  - What is production?
  - Define scarcity and choice.
  - What are the features of Robbins definition of economics?

## Group B

- Answer **ALL** questions. (3×10 = 30)
  - Prove that  $A.M. > G.M. > H.M.$   
Marks(x):- 35, 36, 37, 39, 41, 43
  - The mean of the following distribution is 50 and the sum of all the frequencies is 120. Find the values of p and q.

<b>Class –intervals</b>	0-20	20-40	40-60	60-80	80-100
<b>Frequency</b>	17	p	32	q	19

c. The expenditure of 100 families is given as below:

<b>Expenditure (Rs)</b>	0-19	20-39	40-59	60-79	80-99
<b>No. of families</b>	14	?	26	?	16

The median for the distribution is Rs.49.5. Calculate the missing frequencies.

2. Answer **ALL** question. (4×5 = 20)

a. If the mean of the following distribution is 7.5, find the missing frequency f:

<b>Variety</b>	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
<b>Frequency</b>	20	17	F	10	8	6	7	6

b. Find the mean of the following distribution.

<b>Class- interval</b>	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50
<b>frequency</b>	10	6	8	12	5

c. Calculate the median annual income of a group of employees from the data given below:

<b>Annual income</b>	<b>No. of employee</b>
Under 2000	15
2000-2999	32
3000-3900	65
4000-4999	79
5000-5999	90
6000-6999	57
7000-7999	36
8000-8999	14

d. Find the value of missing variable for the following distribution whose mean is 10:

<b>Variable (x)</b>	5	7	9	11	....	15	20
<b>Frequency (f)</b>	4	4	4	7	3	2	1

The End



## द टाइम्स माध्यमिक विद्यालय

डिल्लीबजार, काठमाडौं

प्रथम त्रैमासिक परीक्षा: २०७५

कक्षा: ११

समूह क

पूर्णाङ्क : १००

सङ्काय: व्यवस्थापन (बिहानी समूह)

उत्तीर्णाङ्क : ४०

विषय : नेपाली

समय : ३ घण्टा

मौलिक र सिर्जनात्मक उत्तरलाई प्राथमिकता दिइनेछ।

सबै प्रश्नको उत्तर दिनुहोस्

१. कुनै एक प्रश्नको उत्तर दिनुहोस् :

५ (क) तल दिइएका वर्णहरूलाई उच्चारण स्थान र प्रयत्नका आधारमा वर्गीकरण गर्नुहोस् :

**ख च द य ह**

(ख) तल दिइएका शब्दको अक्षर संरचना र सङ्ख्यासमेत देखाउनुहोस् :

**रसिलो, प्रधानमन्त्री, अवलोकन, रमाइलो, ख्याल**

२. शुद्ध गरी पुनर्लेखन गर्नुहोस् :

“आमा म गौरीकहाँ गइँ भने उ यहाँ आउँछे हो” मैले विश्वासपूर्वक आमा लाई सोधें। आमाले आउँछे लौ ग्यानी भयेर सुत् भन्दै मलाई आस्वस्त पार्नु भयो।

३. तलको अनुच्छेदमा रेखाङ्कन गरिएका शब्दको शब्दवर्ग पहिचान गरी लेख्नुहोस् :

पाकेको फल खानाले स्वास्थ्यमा छिउँ सुधार आउँछ र आयु पनि बढ्छ भनेर आयुर्वेदसँग परिचित विद्वानहरू तिमीसँग दिनहुँ फलफूल किन्न आउँदा रहेछन्।

४. तलको अनुच्छेदबाट दुई दुईवटा तत्सम र आगन्तुक शब्द खोजी लेख्नुहोस् :

सहनशील मान्छेमा क्षमाशीलता हुन्छ। बेइमान र बदनीयत भएकाहरूले कसैको भलाइ चिताउन सक्दैनन्। सहर तथा बजारमा अपराध र गुन्डागर्दी गरेर सानदार जीवन बाँच्न खोज्नु भन्दा त फाटेको भोटो र कमजमा रमाउनु नै उपयुक्त होइन र !

५. तलका प्रश्नको उत्तर दिनुहोस् :

२×३ = ६

(क) तलको अनुच्छेदबाट तीन ओटा उपसर्ग व्युत्पन्न शब्द र तीन ओटा प्रत्यय व्युत्पन्न शब्द पहिचान गरी लेख्नुहोस् :

हामीले आफ्नो सुनौलो भविष्यका लागि निरन्तर सङ्घर्ष गर्नुपर्छ। सुकार्यबाट आर्जन भएको सम्पत्ति लोभ लाग्दो हुन्छ। सफलता चाहनेहरूले कठिनतम श्रम गर्नुपर्छ। परिश्रम नै यस्तो गहना र सौन्दर्य हो जो सबै उपलब्धिमध्ये प्रशंसनीय हुन्छ। परिश्रमको फल नै यस्तो उपलब्धि हो, जो हाँसो, सुख र शान्तिको परिणाम बन्न सक्छ।

(ख) तलको अनुच्छेदबाट तीन ओटा समस्त शब्द र तीन ओटा द्वित्व भएर बनेका शब्द खोजी समस्त शब्दलाई विग्रह गर्नु होस् र द्वित्व भएर बनेका शब्दबाट दोहोरिएको अंश छुट्ट्याउनु होस् :

चारकोसे भाडीमा लाम्पुच्छे मात्र होइन चौपाया पनि प्रशस्त छन्। हिजोआज हृष्टपुष्ट कामचोर पनि भेटिन्छन्। तसर्थ छिटोछिटो भातसात कपाकप खाएर अरूसँग भैँभगडा नगरी मरमसला बोकेर आफ्नै काममा लाग्नुपर्छ।

६. तलका कुनै एक प्रश्नको उत्तर दिनुहोस् :

५

(क) तलको अनुच्छेदमा रहेका वाक्यहरूलाई उच्च आदरमा परिवर्तन गर्नुहोस् :

उसले गाएको गीतले त मेरो मनै छोयो। तँलाई पनि त्यसैगरी गीत गाउन आउँछ ? उनीहरूलाई त आउँदैन अरे। तिमी पनि नाच त खुब राम्रो नाच्दा रहेछौ। मेरा भाइबहिनी त असाध्य राम्रो गाउँछन् पनि र नाच्छन् पनि।

(ख) तलको अनुच्छेदलाई एकवचन भए बहुवचन र बहुवचन भए एकवचनमा परिवर्तन गरी

वाक्य ढाँचा समेत मिलाई पुनर्लेखन गर्नुहोस् :

ती जापानी पर्यटकहरू थिए। तिनीहरू हातमा क्यामेरा र नक्सा बोकेर हिँड्दै थिए। तिनीहरू अग्ला हिमालहरू देखा साथ रमाएर उफ्रिए। तिनीहरूले हिमालको दृश्यलाई क्यामेरामा कैद गरे। तिनीहरू फेरि आफ्नो बाटो लागे।

७. तलको अनुच्छेदका वाक्यलाई सङ्गति मिलाई पुनर्लेखन गर्नुहोस् :

६

हरिराम र विमला मिल्ने साथी हो। ऊ एउटै कक्षामा पढ्दै छ। उहाँहरूको घर पनि पोखरामा एकै ठाउँमा हो। सँगै पढेका यो मिल्ने साथी पनि हो। अहिले पनि उनीहरू नजिक नजिकै बस्नु हुन्छ। कलेजमा पनि उहाँहरूले प्रतिस्पर्धा गरेकै छन्।

८. तलका प्रश्नको उत्तर दिनुहोस् :

२×४ = ८

(क) तलका वाक्य पुलिङ्ग भए स्त्रीलिङ्ग र स्त्रीलिङ्ग भए पुलिङ्गमा परिवर्तन गरी वाक्य ढाँचा समेत मिलाई पुनर्लेखन गर्नुहोस् :

एक दिन एउटा युवक बाटोमा हिँडिरहेको रहेछ। एउटी युवतीले उसलाई बोलाइछ। युवती त्यो युवक जता जाने हो त्यतै जाने रहिन्छ। ती युवतीलाई त्यस युवकले चाहिँ चिनेको रहेनछ।

(ख) तलका वाक्यलाई करण भए अकरण र अकरण भए करणमा परिवर्तन गर्नुहोस् :

धनजितेको परिवार विरामी भएन। ऊ गुमानेसँग बोल्थ्यो। धनजिते उठ्न सक्थो। गुमानेलाई उसप्रति दयामाया जागेन। उसले गाईवस्तुको हेरचाह गरिदिएन। उसले धनजितेको स्याहार गरेन। गुमानेले आशामरू साहुले भनेको कुरा मान्यो। धनजिते र उसको परिवारलाई निको भएन।

९. तलका अनुच्छेदहरू पढी सोधिएका प्रश्नहरूको उत्तर लेख्नुहोस् :

१०

आजको विश्वमा मानव जातिका लागि मानव अधिकार भन्ने कुरा अपरिहार्य विषय बन्न पुगेको छ। मानव अधिकारको अभावमा मान्छेको वैयक्तिक विकास सम्भव छैन। जब एउटा नागरिक आफ्ना अधिकारहरूबाट बञ्चित हुन्छ, तब त्यसको असर समाज र राष्ट्रले समेत भोग्नुपर्ने हुन्छ। अर्थात् मानव अधिकार कुनै एउटा व्यक्ति वा कुनै एउटा राज्यको मात्र सरोकारको कुरा होइन। यसको सम्मानमा संसारका हरेक व्यक्ति, समाज, राज्य एवम् अन्तर्राष्ट्रकै सहयोग अत्यावश्यक हुन्छ, तापनि आफ्नो मुलुकमा मानव अधिकारलाई सम्मान गर्ने परिपाटी कायम गर्ने कि नगर्ने भन्ने विषय भने त्यस मुलुकको राज्य व्यवस्था वा सरकारमै निर्भर गर्दछ। यस अर्थमा मानव अधिकारको सम्मान गर्न र त्यसलाई सुदृढ पार्न सरकारको नै सबैभन्दा महत्वपूर्ण भूमिका रहनु स्वाभाविक हो। जहाँ मानव अधिकारको सम्मान हुँदैन त्यहाँ प्रजातन्त्र पनि हुँदैन। जहाँ प्रजातन्त्र हुन्छ, त्यहाँ मानव अधिकारको सम्मान गर्नु अनिवार्य हुन्छ। मानव अधिकारलाई गौण विषय ठानेर र त्यसलाई बेवास्ता गरेर प्रजातन्त्रको कुरा गर्नु निरङ्कुशतालाई आत्मसात् गर्नु हो। विश्वका कतिपय मुलुकहरूमा प्रजातन्त्रका नाममा मानव अधिकारको अवहेलना हुने कार्य हुँदैआएको छ। मानव अधिकारप्रति सम्मान दर्साउने प्रजातान्त्रिक संविधानको निर्माण भएको भए पनि व्यवहारमा त्यसको पालना नगरिएका प्रशस्तै

उदाहरणहरू पाइन्छन् । यसबाट के कुरा बुझ्नु जरुरी हुन्छ भने संविधानमा मात्रै मानव अधिकारप्रति प्रतिबद्धता जाहेर गरेर वास्तविक रूपमा मानव अधिकारको सम्मान हुन सक्तैन । मानव अधिकारको सम्मानका लागि प्रजातान्त्रिक संविधान अनुसार स्थापित हुने सरकारको कार्यशैली पनि प्रजातान्त्रिक हुनुपर्दछ ।

**प्रश्नहरू :**

- क) मानव अधिकार वैयक्तिक विकासका लागि किन आवश्यक छ ?
- ख) मानव अधिकारको सम्मान कसको सरोकारको विषय हो ?
- ग) प्रजातन्त्र र मानव अधिकारका बीचमा के कस्तो सम्बन्ध छ ?
- घ) राज्यले मानव अधिकारको सम्मान कसरी गर्न सक्तछ ?
- ङ) 'अपरिहार्य' र 'निरङ्कुशता' शब्दले के के अर्थ बुझाउँछन् ?

१०. तलको अनुच्छेद पढी मुख्यमुख्य पाँच बुँदा टिपोट गर्नुहोस् :

५

विकासशील देशहरूमा पुँजी निर्माणको दरलाई वृद्धि गर्नु वित्तीय नीतिको महत्वपूर्ण उद्देश्य मानिन्छ । किनकि यस्ता देशहरूमा राष्ट्रिय आय र उत्पादन कम हुन्छ, प्रतिव्यक्ति आय पनि कम हुन्छ । त्यस्तै यस्ता देशहरूमा व्यापक बेरोजगारी र गरिबीको अवस्था विद्यमान हुन्छ, बचत कम हुनाले लगानी पनि न्यून हुन्छ र जनताको जीवनस्तर अत्यन्त निम्न हुन्छ । यस्तो अवस्थामा आर्थिक विकासको गतिलाई तीव्र पार्न सकिँदैन । तसर्थ सरकारले वित्तीय नीतिका विभिन्न उपकरण जस्तै: कर, सार्वजनिक ऋण तथा व्ययलाई प्रयोगमा ल्याई पुँजी निर्माणको दरलाई वृद्धि गर्नुपर्दछ । खासगरेर उत्पादनशील लगानीलाई प्रोत्साहित गर्नुपर्दछ । बचतलाई प्रोत्साहन गर्न कम कर लगाउने वा कर छुटदिने, कम व्याजदरमा ऋण तथा अनुदान सहयोग दिने, निम्न वर्गको जीवनस्तर उकास्ने खालको कार्यक्रम सञ्चालन गर्ने, सामाजिक सेवाका क्षेत्रहरूमा तल्लो वर्गलाई सहभागी गराउने जस्ता नीति सरकारले अवलम्बन गरेमा बचतमा वृद्धि भई लगानी बढ्न जान्छ र यसबाट पुँजी निर्माणको दरमा वृद्धि हुन्छ । पुँजी निर्माणको दरमा वृद्धि हुनाले आर्थिक विकासको गतिलाई पनि तीव्र रूपले अगाडि बढाउन मद्दत पुग्दछ ।

११. आफ्नो घरमा एउटा टेलिफोन लाइन जडान गरि दिन अनुरोध गर्दै स्थानीय दूर सञ्चार कार्यालयलाई सम्बोधन गरी एउटा निवेदन लेख्नुहोस् ।

५

१२. 'बद्धो सवारी दुर्घटना' शीर्षकमा १५० शब्द सम्मको एउटा अनुच्छेद तयार पार्नुहोस् ।

५

१३. तल दिइएका मध्ये कुनै एक शीर्षकमा निबन्ध लेख्नुहोस् :

१०

- (क) राष्ट्रियता
- (ख) विकासका लागि युवा नेतृत्व
- (ग) मेरो भविष्यको योजना

१४. तल दिइएका कुनै दुई प्रश्नको उत्तर दिनुहोस् :

१०

- क) साहित्यिक भलादमीका बारेमा निबन्धकारको कस्तो दृष्टिकोण रहेको छ ?
- ख) नेपालै नरहे कवितामा के कस्तो राष्ट्रियता र देशप्रेमको भाव अभिव्यक्त गरिएको छ ?
- ग) के प्रत्येक पुरुषको कुनै नाता सम्बन्ध नपर्ने आइमाई साथी हुनैपर्छ र ? आइमाई साथी निबन्धका आधारमा आफ्नो प्रतिक्रिया लेख्नुहोस् ।

१५. कुनै दुई प्रश्नको उत्तर दिनुहोस् :

२×५=१०

क) तलको कवितांश पढी सोधिएका प्रश्नको उत्तर दिनुहोस् :  
आकाश छुने टाकुरा हाम्रो भेटेर भेटिन्न

पौरखी हाम्रा पुर्खाको पाइला मेटेर भेटिन्न  
बिम्भौला कहाँ पूर्वको पैलो उज्यालै नरहे  
नेपाली हामी रहौला कहाँ नेपालै नरहे ।

**प्रश्नहरू :**

- (अ) आकाश छुने टाकुरा भेटेर भेटिन्न भन्नुको तात्पर्य के हो ?
- (आ) पूर्वको पहिलो उज्यालोले कुन कुराको बोध गराउँछ ?
- (इ) पुर्खाको पाइला मेटेर भेटिन्न भनेको के हो ?
- (ई) के भएमा नेपालीको अस्तित्व रहन्छ ?
- (उ) यस कवितांशको मूल भाव के हो ?

(ख) तलको कथांश पढी सोधिएका प्रश्नहरूको उत्तर दिनुहोस्—

यो सबै सङ्गत गुनाको फल । ठुलाबडाको सङ्गतको विष त महामारी फैले भैं पो फैलन्छ त । यसले हामी जस्ताको त प्राणै चुस्छ ।

**प्रश्नहरू :**

- अ)यो भनाइ कसको हो ?
- आ)'ठुलाबडाको सङ्गतको विष त महामारी फैले भैं पो फैलन्छ त' भन्नुको तात्पर्य के हो ?
- इ)यो कथन कुन सन्दर्भमा भनिएको हो ?
- ई)यो कथांशपछि लगत्तै कस्तो कथा सन्दर्भ आउँछ ?
- उ)यस कथांशको सार के हो ?

ग) तलको निबन्धांश पढी सोधिएका प्रश्नहरूको उत्तर दिनुहोस् :

विद्याको सर्तिफिकेट कोठाको बाकसमा हुन्छ । भलादमीको प्रमाणपत्र सधै उसका शरीर उपर विज्ञापन जाहेरी गर्दछ । पोसाक मात्र पहिला पास हो । त्यसमा पनि रेसमी रुमालको फुलदार फर्काइ र टोपीको कर्काइले पहिलो श्रेणीमा उत्तीर्ण भएको जनाउँछ । कपालको छाँट र जुँगाको कटाइले दोस्रो परीक्षाको परिचय दिन्छ । फेरि आँखीभौँको मसिनो डोराले, ओठ र गालाको फिक्का हलुका लालीको सुस्त चढाइले उत्तम श्रेणी जनाउँछ । सबको शिखर, एउटा सौन्दर्य वर्धक कोठी र अत्तरको हरहराउँदो खुसबुले सडकमा हिँड्नेहरूको नाक र नजरमा आक्रमण गरेको हुनु पर्दछ । यसमा पनि विशिष्टता हिँडाइको कला, लच्काइ, हाउभाउ, हास्य र बोलीमा निर्भर रहन्छ ।

**प्रश्नहरू**

- (अ) 'विद्याको सर्तिफिकेट कोठाको बाकसमा हुन्छ' भन्नुको तात्पर्य के हो ?
- (आ) उपर्युक्त निबन्धांशमा कस्तो प्रकारको भलादमीलाई चिनाइएको छ ?
- (इ) निबन्धकारले कसलाई उत्तम श्रेणीको भलादमी मानेका छन् ?
- (ई) भलादमीको विशिष्टता के कुराबाट थाहा पाइन्छ ?
- (उ) यस निबन्धांशको मूल आशय के हो ?

१६. 'छिमेकी भनेको जिउँदाका जन्ती र मर्दाका मलामी हो' यस भनाइलाई छिमेकी कथाका आधारमा प्रतिक्रिया लेख्नुहोस् ।

५

समाप्त



## द टाइम्स माध्यमिक विद्यालय

डिल्लीबजार, काठमाडौं

प्रथम त्रैमासिक परीक्षा: २०७५

कक्षा: ११

समूह ख

पूर्णाङ्क: १००

सङ्काय: व्यवस्थापन (बिहानी समूह)

उत्तीर्णाङ्क: ४०

विषय: नेपाली

समय: ३ घण्टा

मौलिक र सिर्जनात्मक उत्तरलाई प्राथमिकता दिइनेछ।

१. कुनै एक प्रश्नको उत्तर दिनुहोस्: ५

(क) तल दिइएका वर्णहरूलाई उच्चारण स्थान र प्रयत्नका आधारमा चिनाउनुहोस्:

ग, ज, भ, र, ह

(ख) तल दिइएका शब्दको अक्षर संरचना र सङ्ख्या समेत लेख्नुहोस्:

समीक्षा, नगरपालिका, सम्भावना, दीक्षा, काम

२. शुद्ध गरी पुनर्लेखन गर्नुहोस्: ५

पानिमा फोहोर कसीङ्गर मिसीयो भने प्रदुसन हुन्छ र हाम्रा लागि उपभोग गर्न उपयुक्त हुदैन। सफा पानि नपिप्युदा अन्येक पर्कारका रोगहरू लाग्न सक्छन र बीरामि पछ्यौं।

३. तलको अनुच्छेदमा रेखाङ्कन गरिएका पदहरूको शब्दवर्ग पहिचान गरी लेख्नुहोस्। ३

रिसाहा हरि तिमिसँग बोल्दैन तर तिम्रो खाजा भने मागेर खान्छ। ओहो! त्यो मान्छे त कस्तो स्वार्थी रहेछ। आजभोलि हामीले पनि उसको व्यवहार चाल पायौं।

४. तलको अनुच्छेदबाट दुईदुई ओटा तत्सम र आगन्तुक शब्द खोजी लेख्नुहोस्: २

कुनै समाचार वा सूचना एक ठाउँबाट अर्को ठाउँमा पठाउने काम सञ्चार हो अनि विश्वको कुनै पनि कुनामा घटेका घटनाका बारेमा विश्वभर जानाकारी गराई दिने रेडियो, टेलिभिजन, इन्टरनेट, समाचार पत्र आदि सञ्चारका माध्यम हुन्।

५. तलका प्रश्नको उत्तर दिनुहोस्: २×३ = ६

क. तलको अनुच्छेदबाट तीन ओटा उपसर्ग व्युत्पन्न शब्द र तीन ओटा प्रत्यय व्युत्पन्न शब्द पहिचान गरी लेख्नुहोस्:

अनुसन्धानले मानिसलाई अहिलेको अवस्थामा पुऱ्याएको छ। मानिसले युगौंदेखि चामत्कारिक तथा रहस्यमय कथाहरू पढेको, सुनेको र देख्दै आएको हो। अहिले मानिसले आफूलाई ग्रामीण विकासमा केन्द्रित गरेको छ। प्रगतिपथमा अगाडि बढ्न व्यक्तिले आफ्नो वैयक्तिक सम्पत्ति खर्च गर्न परे पनि तयार रहनु आजका मानिसको स्वभाव बनेको छ।

ख. तलको अनुच्छेदबाट तीनवटा समस्त शब्द र तीनवटा द्वित्व शब्द खोजी समस्त शब्दलाई विग्रह गर्नु होस् र द्वित्व शब्दमा दोहोरिएको अंश छुट्ट्याउनुहोस्:

चारकोसे भ्राडीमा लाम्पुच्छे मात्र होइन, चौपाया पनि प्रशस्त छन्। हिजोआज, अरुसँग भैँभगडा नगरी मरमसला बोकेर आआफ्नो काममा लाग्नुपर्दछ।

६. कुनै एक प्रश्नको उत्तर दिनुहोस्: ५

क. वाक्य ढाँचा सहित एकवचनलाई बहुवचन र बहुवचनलाई एकवचनमा परिवर्तन गर्नुहोस्:

काला चराहरू आकाशमा उडे। सिकारीले गुलेली ताक्यो। कमिलाले सिकारीको खुट्टामा टोकियो। ऊ छटपटायो। बन्दुक पड्यो र चरा भाग्यो।

ख. तलको अनुच्छेदलाई पुलिङ्ग भए स्त्रीलिङ्ग र स्त्रीलिङ्ग भए पुलिङ्गमा परिवर्तन गरी वाक्य ढाँचा समेत मिलाएर पुनर्लेखन गर्नुहोस्:

ठूली आमा चौतारोमा शीतल तापिरहनु भएको थियो। ठूलाबा पनि त्यही आइपुगनु भएछ। मेरी बहिनी पनि त्यही आएर बसी। भाइ पनि त्यही आयो अनि ठूलाबाले दुबैलाई मिठाइ दिनुभयो। बहिनी र भाइ खुसीले रमाए।

७. तलको वाक्यलाई सङ्गति मिलाई पुनर्लेखन गर्नुहोस्: ६

म गाउँबाट आएको मान्छे हो। तिम्री कहाँबाट आयो? उनी पनि राजधानी हेर्न आएको हो। तिम्रीलाई थाहा छ भने सिंहदरवार देखाइ दिएन। त्यो कस्तो हुनु हुन्छ? म तिम्रीलाई धन्यवाद दिन्छु।

८. तलका प्रश्नको उत्तर दिनुहोस्: २×४ = ८

ख) तलका वाक्यलाई करण भए अकरण र अकरण भए करणमा परिवर्तन गर्नुहोस्: धनजितेको परिवार विरामी भएन। ऊ गुमानेसँग बोल्थ्यो। धनजिते उठ्न सक्थो। गुमानेलाई उसप्रति दयामाया जागेन। उसले गाईवस्तुको हेरचाह गरिदिएन। उसले धनजितेको स्याहार गरेन। गुमानेले आशामरू साहुले भनेको कुरा मान्यो। धनजिते र उसको परिवारलाई निको भएन।

ख. तलका वाक्यलाई सामान्य भूतकालमा परिवर्तन गरी पुनर्लेखन गर्नुहोस्:

हिजो रमेश भात खाएर यहाँबाट छिटै हिँडेको थियो। ऊ स्कूल ढिलो पुगेको थियो। शिक्षक शिक्षकाले उसलाई सोधेका थिए। उसको बाटामा जाम परेकाले ढिलो आइ पुगेको बताएको थियो।

९. तलको अनुच्छेद पढी सोधिएका प्रश्नहरूको उत्तर दिनुहोस्:

१०

नेपालका धेरै भाषाहरू अहिलेसम्म कथ्य (मौखिक) परम्परामा मात्र सीमित छन्। लेख्य परम्परा भएका भाषाहरूमा नेपाली, नेवारी, मैथिली, भोजपुरी, अवधी, लिम्बू आदिलाई लिन सकिन्छ। अन्य केही भाषाहरू भरखरै लेख्य परम्पराको खुट्टिकलामा उक्लिँदै छन्। यस्ता भाषाहरूमा थारु, तामाङ मगर, गुरुङ र राई समूहका भाषाहरूमध्ये थुलुङ, बान्तवा, चाम्लिङ, खालिङ, कुलुङ आदि छन्। लेख्य परम्परा वा लिपि भएका भाषामध्ये नेपाली भाषा साहित्यिक हिसाबले विकसित र सम्पन्न मानिन्छ। यस भाषामा शैक्षिक प्रयोगका लागि आवश्यक पूर्वाधारहरू तयार भइसकेका हुनाले उक्त दृष्टिले यसमा विशेष प्रयासको खाँचो नहुन सक्छ तर नेपाली राष्ट्रभाषाका साथै सरकारी कामकाजको समेत भाषा भएकाले त्यसको भूमिका निर्वाह गर्नको लागि आवश्यक हुने विकासको यसमा पनि जरुरत पर्दछ। नेवारी र मैथिली भाषा पनि लेख्य परम्परा र साहित्यका दृष्टिले विकसित भाषा मानिन्छन्। ऐच्छिक विषयका रूपमा माध्यमिक तहदेखि स्नातकोत्तर तहसम्म पठन पाठन हुने व्यवस्था भइ सकेका यी भाषाहरूलाई शैक्षिक प्रयोगका दृष्टिले सामान्य पूर्वाधार रहेका भाषाका रूपमा लिन सकिन्छ। सिक्किममा उच्च माध्यमिक तहसम्म पठन पाठनको व्यवस्था भएको लिम्बू भाषा हाल स्वदेशमा भएका भाषिक तथा साहित्यिक गतिविधिबाट पनि शैक्षिक प्रयोगका लागि सामान्य पूर्वाधार बनाउन सक्षम रहेको देखिन्छ। यस्तै भोजपुरी र अवधी भाषामा पनि विभिन्न साहित्यिक रचनाको उपलब्धतालाई हेर्दा यिनलाई शैक्षिक दृष्टिले पूर्वाधार भएका भाषाको रूपमा लिन सकिन्छ।

प्रश्नहरू:

क. नेपालका भाषाहरूको कथ्य र लेख्य परम्परा कस्तो रहेको छ?

ख. नेपाली भाषाको अवस्था कस्तो छ र किन विकासको आवश्यकता रहिरहन्छ?

ग. नेवारी र मैथिली भाषालाई कुन तहमा राखिएको छ?

घ. लिम्बू भोजपुरी र अवधी भाषाको अवस्था कस्तो रहेको छ ?  
ड. 'पूर्वाधार' र 'परम्परा' शब्दको अर्थ के हो ?

१०. तलको अनुच्छेद पढी मुख्यमुख्य पाँच बुँदा टिपोट गर्नुहोस् : ५

हाम्रो समाजमा विद्यमान अनेक विकृतिहरूमध्ये एउटा गम्भीर विकृति लागू पदार्थको दुर्व्यसन हो । लागू पदार्थ दुर्व्यसनले आज नेपाली समाजका युवा पिँढीलाई नराम्रोसँग गाँज्दै लगी रहेछ । दिन प्रतिदिन समाजमा मौलाउँदै गएको यस विकृतिबाट अनेक युवा युवतीहरूले आफ्नो अमूल्य जीवन बर्बाद पारि रहेछन् । मुलुकले सक्षम जनशक्ति गुमाइ रहेको छ भने अनेक परिवारलाई नष्ट गरि रहेछ । आज हाम्रै वरिपरि विभिन्न परिवारका सदस्यहरू लागू पदार्थको कुलतमा फसेर जीवन र मृत्युको दोसाँधमा पुगेको देख्न सकिन्छ । कोही मृत्युसँग लडि रहेको हुन्छ त कसैले जीवन नै गुमाइ सकेको हुन्छ । हिजोआज हामी मन्दिर, पार्क, बगैँचा, रेस्टुराँ आदि सार्वजनिक स्थलमा युवा युवतीहरू नसामा भूमि रहेको देख्न सक्दछौं । यस्तो किन भइ रहेछ ? किन कुनै पनि परिवारले आफ्ना सन्तानको क्रियाकलाप र बानी बेहोरामाथि निगरानी गरि रहेको छैन ? किन युवा युवतीहरू त्यस प्रकारको वातावरणप्रति अधिक अभ्यस्त हुँदै गइ रहेका छन् ? यसतर्फ हाम्रो ध्यान बिरलै पुग्न सकेको छ । के परिवारको पर्याप्त ध्यान आफ्ना सन्तानमाथि पुग्न नसकेर उनीहरू लागू पदार्थको कुलतमा फस्न पुगेका हुन् वा सामाजिक र पारिवारिक पृष्ठभूमिले नै उनीहरूलाई त्यसतर्फ प्रेरित गरेको हो ? बुझ्नु पर्ने कुरा हो ।

११. क्याम्पसबाट प्रदान गरिने छात्रवृत्ति प्राप्त गर्न आफू उपयुक्त रहेको व्यहोरा उल्लेख गर्दै क्याम्पसलाई पेश गरिने निवेदन तयार पार्नुहोस् । ५

१२. 'कम्प्युटर शिक्षा' शीर्षकमा १५० शब्द सम्मको एउटा अनुच्छेद तयार पार्नुहोस् । ५

१३. तल दिइएका मध्ये कुनै एक शीर्षकमा २५० शब्दमा नघटाई निबन्ध लेख्नुहोस् । १०

- क. नागरिक अधिकार र कर्तव्य  
(ख) नेपालको जलसम्पदा  
(ग) राष्ट्रिय एकता

१४. तलका कुनै दुई प्रश्नको उत्तर लेख्नुहोस् : १०

- क. छिमेकीको आवश्यकता र महत्वबारे छिमेकी कथाले कस्तो सन्देश दिएको छ ?  
ख. 'हर्कबहादुर कविता'मा नेपाली विपन्न वर्गका निमुखा जनताका पक्षमा कविले कसरी वकालत गरेका छन् ?  
ग. मधुमालतीको कथाले बालबालिका केकस्ता सामाजिक र मनोवैज्ञानिक समस्या उठाएको छ ? प्रतिक्रिया लेख्नुहोस् :

१५. कुनै दुई प्रश्नको उत्तर दिनुहोस् : १०

क) तलको कवितांश पढी सोधिएका प्रश्नको उत्तर दिनुहोस् :

दसैं र तिहार रमाइला हाम्रा चुडका र ख्यालीले  
हिर्दय हाम्रो जुमुराउँछ जितको भ्यालीले  
बैंसको तालमा नाचौंला कहाँ मादलै नरहे  
नेपाली हामी रहौंला कहाँ नेपाल नरहे

प्रश्नहरू :

- अ) के कुराले हाम्रो संस्कृति झल्काएका छन् ?  
आ) यस कवितांशको लेखक को हुन् र शीर्षक के हो ?  
इ) के कारणले हाम्रो हृदय जुमुराउँछ ?  
ई) 'बैंसको तालमा नाचौंला' भन्नुको तात्पर्य के हो ?

उ) नेपाल नरहे हामी किन रहन सक्दैनौं ?

ख) तलको कथांश पढी सोधिएका प्रश्नहरूको उत्तर दिनुहोस् ।

“यस्तै हो, मैले पनि सहेर बसिदिएको भए किन भगडा हुन्थ्यो ? एउटै सिरान गरेर सुतेपछि कहिलेकाहीँ गोडा लाग्छ नाई, भगडा भयो भन्दैमा धर्म छोड्नु हुन्छ ? आफूले साँचो मनले उपकार गरेपछि उसको आत्माले पनि गर्न कर लाग्छ । अमृत रोपेको ठाउँमा विष फलेको सुनेका छौं ? माटोको भर ढुङ्गाका भर माटो, संसार भरैभरमा अडेको छ ।”

प्रश्नहरू:

- अ) यो भनाइ कसको हो ?  
आ) यो अनुच्छेदको मूलभाव के हो ?  
इ) भगडाको कारण के देखिन्छ ?  
ई) अमृत रोपेको ठाउँमा विष किन फल्दैन ?  
उ) 'संसार भरैभरमा अडेको छ' भन्नुको तात्पर्य के हो ?

ग) तलको निबन्धांश पढी सोधिएका प्रश्नको उत्तर दिनुहोस् :

आकर्षण शक्तिको सिद्धान्त भलादमी उपर घट्टतछ । भलादमीको नजिकमा एउटा नदेखिने चुम्बकले तान्दछ । जबसम्म तिमी भलादमीहरूको छायामा रहन्छौ तबसम्म तिमी आफूलाई मानिस भन्न दोधारमा रहन्छौ । तिम्रो आदर या प्रशंसा उनीतर्फ खिचिएको हुन्छ । उनका गफलाई तिमी सफेद सत्य भनी ठान्दछौ । फेरि उनीहरूको मोहनीबाट पचास गज दूर नभइकन तिमीलाई साँचो कुरा झल्कदैन ।

प्रश्नहरू :

- अ) आकर्षण शक्तिको सिद्धान्त भलादमी उपर किन घट्टदछ ?  
आ) भलादमीको छायामा रहँदा मानिस किन दोधारमा रहन्छ ?  
इ) मानिसको आदर र प्रशंसा भलादमीले किन खिचदछ ?  
ई) 'भलादमीबाट टाढा नहुन्जेल साँचो कुरा झल्कदैन' भन्नुको तात्पर्य के हो ?  
उ) यस निबन्धांशमा भलादमी भनेर कसलाई व्यङ्ग्य गरिएको हो ?

१६. 'आइमाई साथी' निबन्धमा निबन्धकारले व्यक्त गरेका विचारमा तपाईंको सहमति वा विमति के रहेको

छ ? आफ्नो प्रतिक्रिया लेख्नुहोस् ।

५

समाप्त



## The Times Secondary School

Dillibazar, Kathmandu

First Terminal Examination – 2075

Grade: - XI

Set – A

Full Marks:-100

Stream: Management (Morning Shift)

Pass Marks:-40

Subject: - English

Time : 3 hrs

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the margin indicate the full marks.

Attempt all the questions.

1.A. Put the following words in alphabetical order. [3]  
examination, exemplary, exception, exertive, exciting, exhorted

B. In which quarter of the dictionary will you find the following words? [2]  
fox, coat, right, tough

2. A. Put the following words into the correct order to make suitable sentences. [3]

- does/ her/ have/ what/ she/ hand/ in?
- What/ do/ she/ not/ have/ I/ wants.
- of/ he/ tea/ her/ him/ cup/ asked/ give/ a/ to.

B. Write the present participle and past participle forms of the following verbs. [2]  
i) write ii) dig

3. Write a dialogue between two friends who are talking about their future plans. [5]

Attempt any Two of the following questions. [2×10 = 20]

- Fear** is a distressing emotion aroused by approaching danger, evil, pain, etc., where such a fear can be either real or imagined. In this context, interpret the story 'Fear' as a psychological story.
- According to Barbara Holland, one child is an appendage, whereas plural children are a counter-culture in the house. What arguments does Holland put forward to speak in favor of single child? Explain.
- Show the points of similarities and differences between the two supernatural stories 'The House Call' and 'The Loving Mother'.

5. Attempt any Three of the following questions. [3×5 = 15]

- In your opinion, why does Kim wake up each time she tries to speak to the man in her dream? (The Recurring Dream)
- Do you think Evangelina is a reincarnation of Carmen? Why or why not? Give arguments. (The Lost Doll)
- Why did the doctor have a look of surprise on his face when Elda told him that her little daughter died in September? (The House Call)
- Explain the paradox in "The child is father of the Man". (My Heart Leaps Up When I Behold)

6. Read the following passage and answer the questions given below: [5×2=10]

Coronary heart disease is the most common cause of death in the developed countries. With the rise in general living standards, containments of infectious diseases, good hygiene, and better nutrition, less people are dying. However factors such as stress, obesity, sedentary lifestyle associated with affluence and mechanization have given way to hypertension, diabetes, and coronary heart diseases. The heart is a muscular fist-sized organ which pulsates 60 to 80 times per minute pumping 3600 gallons of blood a day to keep the body alive. For doing this the muscles require enormous amount of energy. The heart muscle derives energy from oxygen dissolved in the blood, which flows through the coronary arteries. Every day the heart and its circulatory system battle to maintain an uninhibited supply of blood along the arteries. The blockage is mainly due to cholesterol, a fatty substance present in eggs, liver, kidney, and sea foods like prawns, and also produced in the body by the liver from saturated fats present in the food. A certain amount of cholesterol is needed to make the cell wall work, to produce steroid hormones and vitamin D.

Proper lifestyle must be adopted to reverse the risk of heart attacks. Eating enough fruits and vegetables, cutting down on alcohol and salt, increasing the intake of fatty acids like olive oil, and rapeseed oil, avoiding saturated fats like butter, hard cheese, ghee, can make a huge difference.

**Questions:**

- a) Why is lesser number of people dying in the modern world?
- b) What are the different diseases associated with affluence and mechanization?
- c) What does high cholesterol in blood indicate?
- d) What measures should we adopt to minimize heart attacks?
- e) Give a suitable title to the given passage.

**7. Answer any Two of the following in about 200 words each.**

[2×10 =20]

- a) Write an essay on Changing Status and Role of Women in Nepal.
- b) Write a letter to your friend in a foreign country telling him/her about your success in the examination.
- c) Write a short story about someone who has been successful because of his hard work.

**8. Look at the information about Mark below, and write sentences saying how often he does different things.** [5]

*Example: Play squash (Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday)*

*- He plays squash four times a week.*

- a) Go abroad (March, September, March, September...)
- b) Have haircut (1 February, 15 February, 1 March...)
- c) Eat out (Tuesday, Saturday)
- d) Give up smoking (January, February, March, April...)
- e) Change job (1976, 1978, 1980, 1982...)

**9. Write appropriate prepositions in the gaps.** [5]

- a) When the bull began to run ...me, I jumped ... the fence into the next field.
- b) Looking ... the microscope, she saw the two cells separate and move slowly ... each other.
- c) She ran ... the corridor, and ... stairs into the basement.
- d) They couldn't get ... the high wall, so they dug a tunnel... it.
- e) Sarita is arriving ...February the 14th ... eight o'clock in the morning.

**10. Write a true sentence, using the Passive. Choose the most appropriate verb from the list.** [5]

**(found, paint, design, build, assassinate, destroy)**

**Example: Mona Lisa (Leonardo da Vinci)**

**- The Mona Lisa was painted by Leonardo da Vinci.**

- a) St Paul's Cathedral ( Christopher Wren)
- b) London (fire; 1666)
- c) President Kennedy (Dallas; 1963)
- d) The Pyramids (ancient Egyptians)
- e) The Society of Authors (1884)

**11. Add an explanation to each of the following remarks below, saying what is happening.** [5]

- a) Don't switch the radio off.
- b) Pass me a paper handkerchief.
- c) Could you answer the door?
- d) We need to have our roof repaired.
- e) Quick, darling, hide in the wardrobe.

**Best of Luck!**



## The Times Secondary School

Dillibazar, Kathmandu

First Terminal Examination – 2075

Grade: - XI

Set – B

Full Marks:-100

Stream: Management (Morning Shift)

Pass Marks:-40

Subject: - English

Time : 3 hrs

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the margin indicate the full marks.

Attempt all the questions.

1. A. Put the following words in alphabetical order. [3]  
phone, picture, piece, picnic, phrase, pirate
- B. In which quarter of the dictionary will you find the following words? [2]  
fast, monkey, x-ray, ant
2. A. Put the following words into the correct order to make suitable sentences. [3]
  - i) wearing/ she/ a/ be/ dress/ will/ white
  - ii) English/ he/ a/ to/ wanted/teacher/be/ of
  - iii) cricket/ they/ fond/ playing/ of/ are
- B. Write present participle and past participle forms of the following verbs. [2]
  - i) sing
  - ii) run
3. **Compose a dialogue between two friends discussing the issue of growing crimes in society.** [5]
4. **Attempt any Two of the following questions.** [2×10 = 20]
  - a) Summarise the story 'Fear'. Was there real fear or it was just an imagination of Armando Gonzalez? Explain.
  - b) Describe the grief of Roberto and his wife at the tragic death of their daughter Carmen. (The Lost Doll)
  - c) For Holland, One child is outnumbered and more than one is a way of life. Elaborate on this quotation arguing against plural children for single child.
5. **Attempt any Three of the following questions.** [3×5 = 15]
  - a) Why do some people have recurring dreams? Give reasons. (The Recurring Dream)
  - b) Why do you think the little girl walked ahead of the doctor instead of walking with him? (The House Call)

- c) Describe the woman who visited Mr. Sakota's pharmacy late at night. (The Loving Mother)
- d) Why does the heart of the poet leap up when he sees a rainbow in the sky? (My Heart Leaps ...)

### 6. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow: [10]

Once upon a time there was a tree in the forest which had thin, pointed leaves. It felt sad when it saw the large, green leaves of the other trees swaying and rustling in the wind. 'How unlucky I am!' it moaned. 'If only God gave leaves of gold, I could stand proud among my neighbours and shine with dazzling brilliance in the sun'. The next morning the tree stood transformed, it had leaves of gold. It looked around at the other trees and saw. How envious they were. But when night fell, a greedy man crept close to the tree and plucked all the golden leaves, put them into a sack and stole away. 'Oh! How unlucky I am,' the tree lamented again. But perhaps I can have leaves made of glass. They will shine brighter than gold and no one will steal them. The next morning the tree was again transformed. When the rays of the sun fell on the tree, they were reflected in all directions.

The tree felt proud of its leaves. But that night there was thunder and lightning and the wind blew violently and shook the tree. All the glass leaves were broken. 'Bad luck, again,' sighed the tree. 'Let me have beautiful green leaves like the other trees, but let mine be perfumed.' This wish was granted too, and the next day the whole forest was filled with the sweet smell of its leaves. But within a few hours all round the forest gathered, drawn by the pleasant smell, and nibbled at the leaves until not a trace of green was left on the tree. 'How foolish I have been,' said the tree sadly? My own leaves are best for me, not any leaves. It felt as proud of its own leaves as the other trees felt of theirs.

#### Questions:

- i) Why did the tree feel sad at the beginning?
- ii) What happened to the leaves of gold at night?
- iii) What was the reason that the tree felt proud of its leaves made of glass?
- iv) Why was the tree not happy with the perfumed green leaves?
- v) What is the lesson one can learn from this story?

7. Answer any Two of the following in about 200 words each. [2×10 = 20]

- a) Write a story describing the extraordinary encounter between a man and a tiger.
- b) You are a student. Write a letter to your parents describing life in your new accommodation.
- c) Write an essay on My Country: My Pride.

8. Look at the information about Mark below, and write sentences saying how often he does different things. [5]

*Example: Play squash (Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday)*

*- He plays squash four times a week.*

- a) Have bath (morning, evening)
- b) Visit parents (Sundays)
- c) Go jogging (Monday 6 a.m., Tuesday 6 a.m., Wednesday 6 a.m. ....)
- d) Have party (January, March, July and September)
- e) Change room ( 1998, 2000, 2002, 2004...)

9. Write appropriate prepositions in the gaps. [5]

- a) He took two books ... the shelf. He put one of them ... the table, and the other one into his briefcase.
- b) The prisoner jumped ... the window, ran ... the street, and jumped into a car that was waiting for him on the other side.
- c) He came ... her, and put his arm... her waist.
- d) We flew from Pokhara ...4 o'clock in the afternoon ... 20 July.
- e) His bullet whistled... my ear, so I shot him right ... the eyes.

10. Write a true sentence, using the Passive. Choose the most appropriate verb from the list. [5]

(assassinate, paint, build, invent, beat, discover)

**Example: Mona Lisa (Leonardo da Vinci)**

**- The Mona Lisa was painted by Leonardo da Vinci.**

- a) Penicillin (Alexander Fleming)

- b) The flush lavatory (Thomas Crapper)
- c) Borg (McEnroe; 1981 Wimbledon Final)
- d) Cranmore Castle ( John, Duke of Cranmore)
- e) Julius Caesar (Rome; 14 March 44 BC)

11. Add an explanation to each of the following remarks below, saying **what is happening**. [5]

- a) You'd better hurry up and eat that ice cream.
- b) I'm afraid you can't use that room just now.
- c) You should put some suntan oil on your back.
- d) There's no need to worry about the children.
- e) Don't go out in your sandals.

**Best of Luck!**



## The Times Secondary School

Dillibazar, Kathmandu

First Terminal Examination – 2075

Grade: - XI

Set – A

Full Marks:-100

Stream: Management (Morning Shift)

Pass Marks:-40

Subject: - Business Studies

Time : 3hrs

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the margin indicate the full marks.*

Group A

A. Short question (8×8 =64)

Attempt any eight question

1. Explain the concept of business? Define any six characteristic of it? (2+6)
2. Explain the consideration before starting a new business?
3. What are the reasons of business failure?
4. Differentiate between sole trading concern and partnership business?
5. Explain the advantages of sole trading concern?
6. Explain partnership deed? Discuss about main contents of partnership deed? (2+6)
7. Explain the procedure for the dissolution of partnership firm in Nepal?
8. Explain the rights of a partners?
9. Explain the procedures of registration and renewal of Sole trading Concern? (4+4)
10. Define Joint Stock Company? Explain the characteristics of Joint Stock Company? (2+6)

B. Long questions (**Attempt any two**) (18×2)

11. Explain the social responsibility of business towards different stakeholders?
12. Explain the types of partners? Also discuss the duties of them? (10+8)
13. Explain the components of business?

The End



## The Times Secondary School

Dillibazar, Kathmandu

First Terminal Examination – 2075

Grade: - XI

Set – B

Full Marks:-100

Stream: Management (Morning Shift)

Pass Marks:-40

Subject: - Business Studies

Time : 3hrs

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the margin indicate the full marks.*

Group A

A. Short question (8×8 =64)

Attempt any eight question

1. Define Business? Explain its importance? (2+6)
2. Define sole trading concern? Explain its features? (2+6)
3. Explain the consideration before starting a new business?
4. Explain the demerits of Sole trading concern?
5. Explain the characteristics of Partnership firm?
6. Explain the procedure of registration and renewal of partnership firm?
7. Define Joint Stock Company? Explain the merits of it? (2+6)
8. Explain the requisites of business success?
9. Differentiate between Sole trading concern and partnership business?
10. Explain the content of partnership deed?

B. Long questions (18×2)

Attempt any two

11. Explain the objectives of Business?
12. Explain the rights and duties of partners. (9+9)
13. Explain the Evolution of business?

The End



## The Times Secondary School

Dillibazar, Kathmandu

First Terminal Examination – 2075

Grade: - XI

Set – A

Full Marks:-75

Stream: Management (Morning Shift)

Pass Marks:-30

Subject: - Computer Science

Time : 3 hrs

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.  
The figures in the margin indicate the full marks.

### Group :A

Answer the following questions. (Any three) [10× 3=30]

1. Describe any five logic gate with logical statement, gate symbol, truth table and Venn diagram.
2. Explain briefly about classification of computer on the basis of working principle.
3. Describe the usages of computer in five different areas of real time application.
4. State and prove the De Morgan's theorem.

### Group: B(Short Answer Question)

Attempt any nine questions: [5× 9=45]

1. What is mobile computing? Explain.
2. Convert  $(1011101)_2 = ( )_{16}$ . What is number system?
3. Why computer is known as versatile and diligence device? Explain.
4. What is word processor? Write the features of word processor
5. Why microcomputer used for general work? Explain.
6. What is compliment? Subtract  $1010-101$  using 1's and 2's compliment method.
7. Differentiate between super computer and microcomputer.
8. What is computer generation? Describe the third generation of computer.
9. Differentiate between desktop computer and laptop computer.
10. Define Boolean function and Boolean expression with example.
11. Write short notes:
  - a. work station
  - b. Micro processor

\*\*\*THE END \*\*\*\*



## The Times Secondary School

Dillibazar, Kathmandu

First Terminal Examination – 2075

Grade: - XI

Set – B

Full Marks:-75

Stream: Management (Morning Shift)

Pass Marks:-30

Subject: - Computer Science

Time : 3 hrs

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.  
The figures in the margin indicate the full marks.

### Group :A

Answer the following questions. (Any three) [10× 3=30]

1. Describe AND gate, OR gate, NOT gate, NOR gate, and NAND gate with logical statement, gate symbol, truth table and Venn diagram
2. Explain briefly about classification of computer on the basis of size.
3. What are the application areas of computer? Explain in detail.
4. State and prove the De Morgan's theorem.

### Group: B(Short Answer Question)

Attempt any nine questions: [5× 9=45]

1. Differentiate between analog and digital computers.
2. What is mobile computing? Explain the advantage of mobile computing.
3. What is binary number? Convert  $(BBA)_{16} = ( )_2$ .
4. Differentiate between IBM PC and IBM compatible.
5. Define Microsoft word. Explain the feature of Microsoft word.
6. What is 1's and 2's compliment? Subtract  $1010-101$  using 1's compliment method.
7. Explain the technology used in different generation of computer.
8. Define Boolean algebra and truth table with example.
9. Why microcomputer is popular then other computer.
10. Differentiate between **Mobile and Computer**.
11. Write short notes:
  - a. Laptop
  - b. Artificial Intelligence

\*\*\*THE END\*\*\*



## The Times Secondary School

Dillibazar, Kathmandu

First Terminal Examination – 2075

Grade: - XI

Set – A

Full Marks:-75

Stream: Management (Morning Shift)

Pass Marks:-30

Subject: - Hotel Management

Time : 3 hrs

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.  
The figures in the margin indicate the full marks.*

### (Group “A”: Objectives Questions)

1) Write (T) for true and (F) for false at the space provide.

[5 ×1=5]

- Pizza hut is a name of the chain hotel.
- Organized tour was started by Auguste Escoffier.
- Himalayan hotel was the first tourist standard hotel in Nepal.
- Tourist never travels in group.
- Tourist who travels in search of sunshine adventures activities is known as sun lust.

2) Match the phrases by putting correct alphabet at the space provided.

[5 ×1=5]

- |                |     |                                  |
|----------------|-----|----------------------------------|
| a. Eco tourism | ( ) | Departure                        |
| b. Rotel       | ( ) | 21 <sup>st</sup> century tourism |
| c. Rope way    | ( ) | Porto tourism                    |
| d. Aristocrats | ( ) | Accessibility                    |
| e. Check out   | ( ) | Travelling hotel                 |

3) Write down full form of the following

[5 ×1=5]

- |          |          |
|----------|----------|
| a. BOD   | b. REBAN |
| c. UNWTO | d. YMCA  |
| d. TAAN  |          |

### (Group “B”: short answer questions)

4) Attempt any six questions.

[5 ×6=30]

- Discuss the characteristics of tourisms.
- What is hospitality? Give suitable example of hospitality

- What is nature of tourism? Explain.
- List out the name of 10 chain hotel of the world.
- What is capsule hotel? explain
- Write short note on classification of hotel on the basis of service.
- Define front office and explain the function of front office.
- Write the job description of receptionist.

### (Group “C”: Long answer questions)

5) Attempt any three questions.

[3×10=30]

- Describe the evolution of tourism in global perspective.
- What is tourism and why Nepal will be the main tourism destination for international tourist. Discuss
- What is hotel? Explain hotel on the basis of location.
- Draw an organizational chart of front office department and explain the job description of Front Office Manager

**The End**



## The Times Secondary School

Dillibazar, Kathmandu

First Terminal Examination – 2075

Grade: - XI

Set – B

Full Marks:-75

Stream: Management (Morning Shift)

Pass Marks:-30

Subject: - Hotel Management

Time : 3 hrs

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.  
The figures in the margin indicate the full marks.*

### (Group “A”: Objectives Questions)

#### 1) Write (T) for true and (F) for false at the space provide.

[5 ×1=5]

- Maximum number of tourist visiting Nepal are Americans.
- Organized tour was started by Marco Polo.
- Paras Inn was the first tourist standard hotel in Nepal.
- Motels are actually not facilitated with accommodation facilities.
- Paging is the system of locating the guest within the hotel premises.

#### 2) Match the phrases by putting correct alphabet at the space provided.

[5 ×1=5]

- |                |     |               |
|----------------|-----|---------------|
| a. Lobby       | ( ) | Sky chef      |
| b. Motel       | ( ) | Foyer         |
| c. Franchise   | ( ) | Porto tourism |
| d. Aristocrats | ( ) | ownership     |
| e. Flight      | ( ) | Highway Hotel |

#### 3) Fill in the blanks

[5 ×1=5]

- Cafeteria fall under.....( primary/secondary ) catering establishment.
- 2011 is celebrated as.....( Visit Nepal year/ Nepal Tourism year)
- Chain operated organizations are also known as .....  
(Owner operated/ Franchise)

- Front office is also known as ..... ( Nerve center/ backbone) of a hotel.
- Bell desk handles..... (guest mails/ guest luggage).

### (Group “B”: short answer questions)

#### 4) Attempt any six questions.

[5 ×6=30]

- Discuss the characteristics of tourisms.
- What is hospitality? Explain its sectors.
- Who are tourist and excursionist?
- Discuss the operational department of hotel and mention their sections.
- Define catering and explain outdoor catering.
- Write down the importance of organizational chart.
- Define front office and explain the function of front office.
- Write down the duties and responsibilities of front office cashier.

### (Group “C”: Long answer questions)

#### 5) Attempt any three questions.

[3 ×10=30]

- What is tourism and why Lumbini will be the main tourism destination of Nepal for international tourist. Discuss
- What are the 4 A’s of tourism. Explain
- What are the various section within the front office department. Explain
- Draw an organizational chart of large hotel and explain briefly functional department.

**The End**



**The Times Intl College**  
Dillibazar ,Kathmandu  
**First Terminal Examination – 2075**

Grade: XI **Set – A** Full Marks:75  
Stream: Management (Morning Shift) Pass Marks: 30  
Subject: Travel and Tourism Time : 3hrs

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the margin indicate the full marks.*

**Group -A**

**Attempt all questions** **2 × 10 = 20**

1. What is eco tourism?
2. Define Attraction in tourism
3. Write down the Full Form of NTB, SAARC, UNWTO,HAN
4. Define Sun lust
5. What does 4AS sand for?
6. Who are visitors?
7. Define excursionists
8. Define Proto-Tourism
9. Name 3 Durbar Square listed in UNESCO Heritage sites
10. Name any 4types of adventure tourism.

**Group -B**

**Attempt any SEVEN questions** **7 × 5 = 35**

1. Explain the motivational factor of tourism
2. Define Adventure tourism .Explain its Types.
3. Explain the tourist typology.
4. Differentiate Between domestic & international tourism
5. Explain the features of tourism.
6. Explain the evolution of tourism in contest of world tourism.
7. Write shorts notes on A)Cultural Tourism B) Religious tourism
8. How does tourism contribute in national economy?
9. Explain the evolution of tourism in SAARC nation .

**Group -C**

**Attempt any two questions** **2 × 10 = 20**

- 1 Define Tourism. Explain the types of tourism with examples.
- 2 “Thomas Cook is regarded as the Father of modern Tourism.”Justify
- 3 Explain the evolution of tourism in contest of Nepal.



**The Times Intl College**  
Dillibazar ,Kathmandu  
**First Terminal Examination – 2075**

Grade: XI **Set – B** Full Marks:75  
Stream: Management (Morning Shift) Pass Marks: 30  
Subject: Travel and Tourism Time : 3hrs

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the margin indicate the full marks.*

**Group -A**

**Attempt all questions** **2 × 10 = 20**

1. What is sustainable tourism?
2. Define accommodation in tourism
3. Write down the Full Form of NTB, NTC, SAARC ,NMA.
4. What is wanderlust
5. Define 5S stand for?
6. Who are tourists?
7. Define excursionists
8. Define Proto-Tourism
9. Name two national parks listed in UNESCO Heritage sites
10. Name any 4 religious sites on Nepal?

**Group -B**

**(Attempt ant SEVEN questions)** **7× 5=**

**35**

1. Explain the determinants factor in tourism.
2. Define Adventure tourism .Explain its Types
3. Explain the excursionist’s typology.
4. Differentiate Between domestic & international tourism
5. Explain the types of tourism with examples. .
6. Explain the evolution of tourism in contest of Nepal
7. “Write Short notes on A)Ethnic Tourism B) Educational Tourism
8. How does tourism contribute in national economy?
9. Explain the evolution of tourism in SAARC nation.

**Group -C**

**(Attempt any two questions)** **2 × 10 = 20**

1. Define Tourism. Explain the features of tourism.
2. “Thomas Cook is regarded as the father of tourism” Justify
3. Explain the evolution of tourism in contest of world tourism.

**The End**